

WEATHER TODAY.
Clear and warmer Monday.
Tuesday fair.
Lake Metal Prices:
Copper.....80 1/2
Silver.....\$16.00
Gold.....\$84.75
(New York).....\$72.00@74.00

The Salt Lake Tribune.

Searching for work, a home, a room, a boarding place, location for a new business, chance for investment—all such information is eagerly sought in the Wants by those who are new arrivals, as well as the longer residents.

XXXV., NO. 106.

SALT LAKE CITY, MONDAY MORNING, JULY 29, 1912.

10 PAGES—FIVE CENTS

THE FALSITY OF THE CLAIMS OF ROOSEVELT

Concerning the tests before the Republican National Convention at Chicago set forth in Detailed Statement Approved by President Taft and His Cabinet.

AND RIGHT ON THE SIDE OF REGULARS

of the Third Party to Becloud the

of the Voters by

ing Fraud Is De-

ced in Unmeas-

Terms and Proof

demanded.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—A

statement, approved by

President Taft, defending

himself by the Chicago

statement was made public at

the White House today. It re-

fers every contest before the

Republican national committee

as a mere contest of

credentials committee of

convention and asserts that

the contest was settled logically

on its merits. The statement

submitted to the cabinet at

the meeting and received the

approval of the president's offi-

cially.

in Detail.

statement, which is a lengthy

of 144 printed pages, is a

denial of the charge that the

CASHIER OF HELPER BANK ADMITS GUILT

Clyde Jackson Confesses the Embezzlement of More Than \$12,000.

WILL BE PROSECUTED

Surety Company Turns Over \$10,000 to Bankers; Peculations Cover Months.

The embezzlement of more than \$12,000 from the Helper State Bank at Helper, Carbon county, was confessed yesterday by Clyde Jackson, cashier of that institution, according to word received here last night. The accounts of the bank are being audited by C. W. Buckholz, formerly cashier of the Bingham State bank, and it is declared the defalcations will probably reach \$14,000 or more. Jackson has of his own volition surrendered himself to the county sheriff at Price. He will be prosecuted on a charge of embezzlement, which has been placed under surveillance.

Bank Gets Surety Money.

As set forth exclusively in The Tribune yesterday, the discovery of the shortage caused the bank officials to telegraph the news to Wesley King of this city, who, as manager for the American Surety company in this district, had furnished Jackson's bond of \$10,000 to the bank.

Mr. King, accompanied by George J. Arnold, assistant secretary of the surety company, who was visiting in the city, went yesterday to Helper, where they investigated the case and heard Jackson's confession of guilt. Arrangements were made by Mr. King for an immediate settlement of \$10,000 to the bank. State Bank Examiner A. J. Glazier had notified the bank officials that because of the impairment of capital, the institution would be closed unless something were done at once.

By telegraph, Mr. King conferred with Secretary of State C. S. Tingey, who agreed not to close the bank in view of the settlement.

Will Make Up Shortage.

This morning at 10 o'clock the directors and stockholders of the institution will meet with the intention of personally making up pro rata whatever defalcations appear above the amount of the bond. Joseph Barboglio of Helper is president of the bank and W. T. Hamilton of Helper is vice president. These, with J. M. Whitmore of Price, County Attorney L. O. Hoffman of Price and A. L. Avery of Helper form the directorate. The stockholders number sixteen, outside of the officials.

J. T. Jackson, the imprisoned man's father; F. P. Jackson, his brother, who is postmaster of Craig, Colo., and W. H. Calfee, a brother-in-law living at Grand Junction, Colo., are now in Helper. Jackson's father is endeavoring to cover the difference between the amount of shortage and the amount of the fidelity bond.

Prisoner Assigns Property.

The complaint charging Jackson with embezzlement was sworn to by Mr. Barboglio. With the state prison staring him in the face, Jackson will make an effort to escape through the courts. He has commissioned David Houtz as his legal counsel.

Mr. King and Mr. Arnold returned to Salt Lake last night. Mr. King said that Jackson has assigned all his property, worth about \$5000 as indemnity on the fidelity bond, which is not otherwise protected on the full demand for settlement.

HYDROPLANE IS SENT TO BOTTOM

By International News Service.

VALLEJO, Cal., July 28.—A hydroplane, driven by Herman Stretcher and John Johnson was wrecked near here yesterday by the wash of a snow schooner and Stretcher and Johnson escaped drowning only by a difficult swim through a choppy sea to Black Point, several hundred yards distant. The schooner continued on its course and the hydroplane sank.

The hydroplane, which was built by the two men and was being tested, left here early in the afternoon at a twenty-mile-an-hour clip for Shoal Water Bay. A buoy with a forty-foot line was attached and two life savers were taken along. When the bay was reached the spark plug failed and, as the sea was rough, the two men found it impossible to keep the craft afloat. When the wash from the snow filled the gunwale the craft dove straight to the bottom.

JUDGE DILLON FAILS TO UNITE PARTY IN OHIO

Republican Candidate for Governor of Buckeye State Announces That He Will Withdraw From Race.

KANSAS SQUABBLE EXCITES INTEREST

Bull Moose Conference at Oyster Bay at Which Plans to Capture Six Republican States Are Threshed Out.

COLUMBUS, O., July 28.—Inability to reconcile the factions of the Republican party in the state is given as the reason by Judge E. B. Dillon of Columbus, Republican nominee for the governorship, for his withdrawal from the race. Today he announced he would present his withdrawal to the Republican state committee next Wednesday.

Judge Dillon telegraphed the following from Mackinac island, where he is spending the summer:

"My written declaration placed in the hands of Chairman Burton was not read to the convention and I accepted the nomination in the full presumption and belief that my acceptance would mean a united party and a single ticket in Ohio.

"All endeavor in that behalf has failed, despite the kind offices of my friends in each following of the party. The measure of justice due me, even though a mere individual, requires my resignation as nominee for governor and the same will be presented to the state central committee at its next meeting Wednesday."

May Call Convention.

The committee is empowered to fill the vacancy, but it was reported today that the committeemen may decide to call the convention together again to name a candidate.

Judge Dillon was named in the second session of the Republican state convention, July 2, and his name was put forward as a compromise after numerous ballots had failed to give a majority either to A. L. Garford of Elyria, the Roosevelt candidate; Lawrence K. Landgon, the Taft candidate, or E. H. Kroger, who received the undisputed support of Cincinnati's delegation.

Judge Dillon's determination not to accept the nomination, it is believed, was reached last week after a conference in Toledo with Walter F. Brown, chairman of the state central committee and former manager of Roosevelt's campaign in the state.

Harry M. Daugherty of Columbus and Warren C. Harding of Marion were mentioned today as possible nominees.

MEMBERS WOULD LIKE TO GO HOME

Little Hope of Early Adjournment of Congress Owing to Press of Work.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Battleships, the impeachment of Judge Archbald, the fur seal treaty, Panama canal legislation and tariff conferences will be injected into the coming week of congress in a manner to disconcert those who are anxious to finish up the annual appropriation bills and close the session.

Judge Archbald is to make answer before the senate impeachment court tomorrow to charges of misconduct filed against him by the house of representatives.

The deadlock between the two houses over the battleship programme has produced a threatened split in the Democratic ranks of the house and a possible overthrow of the decision of the Democratic caucus. The senate has determined to adhere to its demand for two battleships in the hope that the house Democrats will reconsider their "no battleship" decision and consent to the building of one dreadnaught.

Senator Lodge will call up the International fur seal treaty in the senate tomorrow and endeavor to have the bill agreed to, which would end the treaty in effect. Senator Brandegee will insist upon a consideration of the Panama canal bill immediately afterward and will endeavor to hold that measure before the senate until it is acted upon.

BORAH BILL MAY PASS DURING PRESENT WEEK

Special to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—A conference attended by the president, Secretary Fisher and Senator Borah was held at the White house this evening regarding the Borah reclamation homestead bill. Secretary Fisher waived his contention that 40 per cent of the charges should be paid prior to issuance of patent and Borah is now confident he will be able to secure passage of the bill the coming week.

GIRL DROWNED WHEN ROWBOAT TIPS AT LAGOON

Emma Youngquist, 19, of Brigham City, Victim; Joseph Melogram, Ogden, Companion, Rescued.

SIXTEEN DIVE BEFORE BODY IS RECOVERED

Finally Brought to Surface by Will Wood of Farmington; Girl's Mother Prostrated by Shock.

"LET me row awhile, Joe," pleaded Emma Youngquist, 19, of her escort in a rowboat at Lagoon; and when she arose to take the oarsman's seat she toppled over into sixteen feet of water. Thirty minutes later Will Wood of Farmington brought her lifeless body to the surface.

The girl and her escort, Joseph Melogram of Ogden, were in a boat at 6 o'clock last evening at the north end of the lake when the girl made the request. Melogram rose to exchange places with her and as they attempted to pass in the boat it suddenly tilted, throwing both into the water.

Sinks to Remain.

George Cardoff and Harry Grayes, both of Salt Lake City, were in another boat, within ten feet of the unfortunate pair when they fell in the water. Neither could swim, however, and all they could do was to sound the alarm. When Melogram and Miss Youngquist plunged into the water, the girl was seen to grasp her companion about the neck, but she was evidently overcome at once by the icy water, as she never came to the surface. Melogram came to the surface a few seconds after the two went down and was helped into the other boat by Albert Burton of Ogden and Cardoff and Grayes.

Heroic Efforts at Rescue.

Within five minutes after the alarm there were sixteen men diving into the lake in an effort to save the life of the young woman. Many sprang into the water fully dressed. Four men were swimming at a point about 500 feet away and they hurried to the scene and joined the divers. There were three Japanese in the crowd. All worked hard and risked their own lives, but the water was so roily that they could see nothing in the water and could only feel about the bottom. The water at the point where the accident occurred was sixteen feet deep and many of the men, although good swimmers, were unable to reach that depth.

Body Is Recovered.

Miss Youngquist had been in the water more than twenty minutes when Will Wood, who had been in a distant part of the resort, arrived. Wood is an expert swimmer and diver, but seeing the futility of working in his clothing, he threw off his garments quickly and plunged into the water.

"I couldn't see anything in the water on account of the mud," said Mr. Wood last night, "and it was fortunate that I found her as soon as I did. I caught hold of a foot while groping along the bottom the second time I went down, and it was no trouble to bring the body to the surface after it was found."

"There is nothing remarkable about diving for a drowned or drowning person. I have been swimming and diving all of my life and deserve no more credit than any of the other boys. It was just chance that I found the girl first."

Life Is Extinct.

Dr. A. A. Robinson of Ogden, with capable assistants, worked more than half an hour to restore life before he gave up hope. The water was cold and the girl had been beneath the surface about thirty minutes. Every effort was in vain.

Justice of the Peace L. H. Obiatt of Farmington summoned a coroner's jury as soon as it was ascertained the young woman was dead, and William W. Rose, George W. Larson and M. L. Udy, who formed the jury, decided, after hearing the evidence, that death was caused by accidental drowning.

The body was sent to Ogden last night, where it was taken in charge by the Larkin Undertaking company to be prepared for burial. It will be sent to Brigham City today.

Miss Youngquist was born in Brigham City, December 13, 1893, and had lived there most of her life. For several

(Continued on Page Ten.)

NO HOPE FOR THE MIKADO PRINCES CALLED TO PALACE

Crown Prince Yoshito, Heir to Japanese Throne, and the Crown Princess Who Are at Mikado's Bedside.



Heir to Throne at Emperor's Bedside; Artificial Measures Prolong Life.

TOKIO, July 29.—The condition of the Emperor of Japan is such as to cause abandonment of all hope of his recovery. From dawn he has been unconscious. An examination by the court physician at 6 a. m. disclosed a high temperature, weak and rapid pulse and shallow respiration which was greatly accelerated from the previous night.

The critical condition of the emperor was announced in a bulletin last evening and all the imperial princes were summoned to the palace. The physicians employed artificial measures to prolong life, but the injection of stimulants seemed to be of little avail. The temperature increased from 100 to 102.3 which with the increased heart action and shallow breathing, indicate that the emperor could not long withstand the calls upon his strength.

Oxygen Sustains Life.

Since July 19, the date of the first serious attack, the emperor has been in a critical condition, and his life has been maintained only by the use of oxygen injections and hot and cold packs.

Reports from the sick room on several occasions brought hope that the life of the emperor might be prolonged but the physicians issued a warning that a considerable period of time would have to elapse before assurances could be given regarding the outcome of the complication of diseases from which he suffered.

Crown Prince at Palace.

At 6 o'clock this morning the official bulletin gave the pulse as 120 and respiration 48. At 9 o'clock his pulse had increased to 130 and was extremely weak and irregular.

The crown prince and the princesses of the imperial family, members of the cabinet and councilors remained at the palace throughout the night. The ministers gathered in a room adjoining the sick chamber.

A bulletin issued at 3 o'clock in the morning noted no change in the condition of the emperor except that the temperature had fallen 1 degree.

Empress at Bedside.

The empress retained her post at the bedside. Her unremitting vigil commands admiration everywhere. Throughout the night diplomats and officials visited the palace. The American ambassador, Charles Page Bryan, called at midnight.

(Continued on Page Three.)

SIX KILLED WHEN TRAIN STRIKES AUTO

Two Others Fatally Injured; Accident on Grade Crossing Near Toledo.

TOLEDO, O., July 28.—Six persons were killed eleven miles north of here this afternoon when an eastbound Michigan Central train struck an automobile. Two others may die.

The dead:
RUDOLPH COSINO, aged 30, La Salle, Mich.

EVA NAVARRE, aged 20, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Navarre, La Pleasant, Mich.

MRS. LOUISE COSINO, aged 30, wife of Lafayette Cosino.

THE 12 AND 6-YEAR-OLD SONS AND 4-YEAR-OLD DAUGHTER of Rudolph Cosino.

The fatally injured:
Lafayette Cosino, aged 25, La Salle.

Mrs. Mammie Cosino, wife of Rudolph Cosino.

The accident occurred on a grade crossing where the view of the track was obscured by a cornfield. The occupants of the machine did not see the train until they were on the track.

PARISH PRIEST MUST SANCTION

Report That Pope Pius Has Repealed the Decree "Ne Temere" Is Unfounded.

ROME, July 28.—The report that the pope has repealed the decree "Ne Temere" is absolutely unfounded, nor is it likely ever to be revoked as it embodies provisions that have governed the church procedure for two centuries.

It is probable the misunderstanding with respect to the repeal of the decree arose through the suspension of the provision relating to mixed marriages in Germany and Hungary. The other provisions of the decree are in full force in those countries, while in the United States and England all provisions of the decree are in force. A marriage between Catholic and Protestant without the sanction of the parish priest is null. It is declared that possibly the United States and England may obtain a change in that provision.

EFFORT OF BROTHER TO SAVE SISTER FAILS

By International News Service.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Although her brother, Thomas Searies, bared his arm and for thirty minutes endured the transfusion of his blood to his dying sister, Miss Jean Searies, secretary to Congressman Gordon Lee of Georgia, the sacrifice was unavailing and Miss Searies died today at Providence hospital.

The case is one of unusual interest among the profession because of the long period of the transfusion. The heroic brother grew paler and paler, with the ab of his blood. Although she temporarily rallied, yet her weakened condition could not withstand the shock. The brother's blood was ascertained by the physicians to be "compatible" with his sister, a mutual condition rarely found.

(Continued on Page Three.)

MORMONS ARE BEING DRIVEN FROM MEXICO

Colonists in Chihuahua, Deprived of Their Arms and Ordered to Join the Rebel Army or Get Out of the Country, Flocking to the Border With Wives and Children.

APOSTLE IVINS AWAITS REFUGEES

Customs Buildings at El Paso Will Be Thrown Open to Shelter the Unfortunates; Senator Smoot and Governor Colquitt of Texas Notified of the Latest Outrage.

EL PASO, Texas, July 28.—Americans in northern Mexico have been officially notified by rebel commanders to give up their arms and leave the country. An only alternative is to join the rebel ranks and fight against the constitutional government of the republic. Refugees from the Mormon colonies in Chihuahua are flocking to the border. The first group, of nearly 1000 men, women and children, is due to arrive here by special train late tonight or early in the morning.

Ivins at El Paso.

News of the unexpected development was received here today by representatives of the Mormon colonists. A. W. Ivins of Salt Lake City, an apostle of the Mormon church, is making arrangements for the reception of the refugees. They will be housed in tents if necessary and the El Paso customs building will be thrown open to them. Apostle Ivins has telegraphed complaints to Senator Smoot of Utah and Governor Colquitt of Texas.

Take Mormon Guns.

According to advices received here, rebels armed with an order from General Ynez Salazar, commander at Casas Grandes and vested with authority from General Orozco, commander-in-chief of the rebels, visited the homes of the Mormons in Colonia Dublan on Saturday and confiscated 300 rifles and much ammunition. This also was done at Colonia Juarez, a neighboring settlement and 100 rebel cavalrymen were dispatched to Colonia Morelos, another American settlement to the east. The colonists were told to give up their arms and leave Mexico or join the rebel army. It was reported that stores were looted in Nueva Casas Grandes and a Chinaman killed when he refused the rebels the right to enter his store. The American population of Colonia Juarez and Dublan is more than 1500 and all women and children and many men are leaving on a special train made up on the Mexico Northwestern railway.

Situation Critical.

That this is but the beginning of a general movement to disarm the many Americans remaining in northern Chihuahua is apparent. It is said that the rebels plan to raid Madera, where the wood-working mills of the Pearson corporation are located, and this may bring trouble as American lumberjacks employed there are expected to leave. It is known that the Americans there are fortified with light artillery, many rifles and ample ammunition, with a high barred wire fence, built for protective purposes, surrounding a barracks.

Pearson, Chihuahua, also a lumber center, contains many Americans as well.

Ivins Tells of Exodus.

Apostle Ivins said tonight that the Mormon colonists south of Juarez deemed it best to leave Mexico in view of their being disarmed and first would send out all women and children. The train due here before morning is carrying 350 persons, few of whom are men.

Apostle Ivins denied knowledge of a general movement of all colonists in Mexico, saying that he had received advices only from Juarez and Dublan colonies. He also denied that he had taken up

(Continued on Page Three.)